2005 MICHIGAN Single Business Tax Annual Return

WITHOUT DAYMENT Moil return to:		
62. PAYMENT. Enter amount from page 2, line 58	PAY THIS AMOUNT • 62.	.00
33. Apportioned Tax Base. Multiply line 32 by%	rrom C-8000H, line 16 or 19	.00
32. Tax Base. Subtract line 31 from line 27	52	.00
TAX BASE		00
31. Total Subtractions. Add lines 28 - 30	31. <u>-</u>	.00
or SBIR grants (see instructions), included in business income		00
30. Income from partnerships (Account No		
29. Capital losses not deducted in arriving at business income		
28. Dividends, interest and royalty income included in business in		
SUBTRACTIONS		
27. Subtotal . Add lines 11, 16 and 26	27	
26. Total Additions. Add lines 17 - 25		.00
25. Losses from partnerships. Account No.		
classification and expenses of financial organizations, see ins		
24. Any deduction or exclusion due to classification as FSC or sin		
issued by states other than Michigan and its political subdivisi	-	
23. Gross interest and dividend income from bonds and similar of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
22. Net operating loss carryover or carryback		
21. Capital loss carryover or carryback		
20. Dividends, interest and royalty expenses		
19. Single business tax		
18. Taxes imposed on or measured by income (e.g., city, state, for		
17. Depreciation and other write-off of tangible assets		
ADDITIONS - to the extent deducted in arriving at business i		.00
16. Total Compensation. Add lines 12 - 15		.00
15. Other payments - supplemental unemployment benefit trust, e		
Pension, retirement, profit sharing plans		
12. Salaries, wages and other payments to employees13. Employee insurance plans - health, life		
COMPENSATION 12 Salaries wages and other payments to employees	\ 12	
11. Business income. Filers using the Short-Method, go to C-8000	>, line 9 ▶ 11.—	.00
10. Gross receipts		00
10. Crops respirts	. 40	
	Company-Corporation	
4. Check if you are a member of a controlled group (see instructions).	g. Limited Liability	orompreed ranneromp
Enter authorization number		rporation/LLC S Corporation ership/LLC-Partnership
▶ 3. Check if filing a Michigan consolidated return (attach C-8008 and approved C-8	07)	iary rporation/LLC S Corporation
		·
City, State, ZIP Code	▶ 9. Organization Type (check one)	
Sueet Address	Principal Business Activity	
Street Address	9 Principal Rusiness Activity	
DBA	7. Business Start Date	
DDA		
2. Name (Type or Print)	▶ 6. If discontinued, enter effective date	
Beginning Date Ending Date month year month year		
	▶ 5. Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) or	TIX INUITIDE!
▶ 1. This return is for calendar year 2005 or for the following tax year		TP Number

WITHOUT PAYMENT - Mail return to:

Michigan Department of Treasury
P.O. Box 30059
Lansing, MI 48909

WITH PAYMENT - Pay amount on line 62 and mail check and return to:



Michigan Department of Treasury Department 77375 P.O. Box 77000 Detroit, MI 48277-0375 Make checks payable to "State of Michigan." Print the FEIN or TR Number and "SBT" on the front of the check. Do not staple the check to the return.

C-8000, Page 2		FEIN or TR Numbe	r	
TAX BASE 34. Enter amount from line 32 or 33, whichever appl	lies		34	.00
ADJUSTMENTS				00
35. Recapture of capital acquisition deduction from			• 35	.00
36. ADJUSTED TAX BASE BEFORE loss deduction	•			00
Add line 34 and line 35. If line 35 is negative, su				.00
If negative, this is a business loss carryforward;	-	-		00
37. Business loss deduction				
38. Adjusted Tax Base Before Statutory Exempt	i on. Subtract line 37 f	rom line 36	38	.00
STATUTORY EXEMPTION - Complete and atta	ach Form C-8043, <i>Sta</i>	atutory Exemption So	chedule.	
39. Allowable statutory exemption, from C-8043, line				.00
40. Adjusted Tax Base. Subtract line 39 from line				
DEDICTIONS MONDESIMOADI E COEDITS	C AND TAV			
REDUCTIONS, NONREFUNDABLE CREDITS 41. Reduction to adjusted tax base, if applicable. So		m C 9000S	44	.00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Check the method being used: ▶ Comp 42. Taxable base. Subtract line 41 from line 40. If the			eceipts Reduction	
enter the amount from C-8000S, line 14	-		42	.00
43. Tax Before All Credits. Multiply line 42 by 1.99				-
If you are not taking the Investment Tax Cred				
44. Tax After Investment Tax Credit. Enter the an				.00
44. Tax Aiter investment Tax Credit. Enter the an	nount nom C-600011C	, iii le 37	/ 44	
 C-8009 before continuing. If not filing Form C-80 45. Enter the amount from C-8000, line 44, C-8000 46. Unincorporated/S Corp. credit. Multiply line 45 to 47. Nonrefundable credits from C-8000MC, line 99 	C, lines 19, 26 or 36 or	or C-8009, line 33 or 34 15 46	.00 <u>.00</u>	
48. Add lines 46 and 47			48	.00
49. Tax After Nonrefundable Credits. Subtract line	e 48 from line 45		> 49	.00
PAYMENTS, REFUNDABLE CREDITS AND	TAX DUE			
50. Overpayment credited from 2004		50	.00	
51. Estimated tax payments				
52. Tax paid with request for extension				
53. Refundable credits from C-8000MC, line 14				
54. Total. Add lines 50 - 53				.00
55. TAX DUE. Subtract line 54 from line 49. If less				
56. Underpaid estimate penalty and interest from C	,			
57. Annual return penalty at% =	0020, line 20 or 40 , v	.0.	<u>0</u> 57	
58. If line 55 is blank, go to line 59. Otherwise, add				
page 1, line 62				.00
OVERPAYMENT - REFUND OR CREDIT FOI			50	
		lines E6 and E7 from li	no F4	
59. Overpayment. Subtract line 49, and any penalt				.00
If less than zero, leave blank. See instructions				
60. Enter the amount of overpayment on line 59 to				
61. Enter the amount of overpayment on line 59 to	be credited forward			.00
TAXPAYER'S DECLARATION I declare under penalty of perjury that this return is true and corre	ect to the best of my	PREPARER'S DEC I declare under penalty of	perjury that this return is bas	ed on all information
knowledge.	_	of which I have any know	ledge.	
I authorize Treasury to discuss my return with my preparer.	Yes No	Preparer's Signature		
Taxpayer's Signature		Print or Type Preparer's Na	ame Dat	te
· · · · · ·				
Print or Type Taxpayer's Name	Date	Business Address, Phone	and Identification Number	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Title	l	-		
· · · ·				

Instructions for Form C-8000, Annual Return

Lines not listed are explained on the form.

Every person engaged in business activity in Michigan with apportioned or allocated gross receipts of \$350,000 or more must file an annual return.

Line 1, Taxable Year. Enter the beginning and ending dates, month and year, of the annual accounting period. For periods less than 12 months, enter the beginning and ending dates that correspond to the taxable period reported to the IRS.

Line 3, Consolidated Filing.

✓ Corporations. If a business receives the State

Treasurer's approval to file a consolidated or
combined SBT return, check the box and enter the
authorization number on the line provided. Attach a
copy of Form C-8008, Affiliation Schedule Consolidated Filing and the approved Form C-8007,
Request for Consolidated or Combined Filing.

Line 4, Controlled Groups. A controlled corporate group is an affiliated group of corporations as defined in the SBT Act or a controlled group of corporations as defined in IRC Section 1563. Entities under common control are two or more trades or businesses, whether or not incorporated, under common control as defined in the IRS Regulation 1.414(c). This includes parent-subsidiary, brother-sister or combined groups of corporations. See RAB 1989-48 for further information.

- ① Reminder: Controlled groups must complete Form C-8010AGR, SBT Adjusted Gross Receipts for Controlled Groups, on page 65, to determine filing requirements for the group and to determine adjusted gross receipts for the group if an investment tax credit is taken. Attach completed schedule to return.
- ① Important: If the taxpayer is a member of a controlled group and is claiming a statutory exemption or small business credit, complete Form C-8009, SBT Allocation of Statutory Exemption, Standard Small Business Credit and Alternate Tax for Members of Controlled Groups, on page 59. Attach completed schedule to the tax return.

Line 5, Account Number. Use the taxpayer's Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) or the Michigan Treasury (TR) assigned number. If an organization type is individual and an account number does not exist yet, enter the taxpayer's Social Security number and enter an "S" in the box to the right. Treasury will notify the taxpayer when a Michigan TR number is assigned. Use that number on all future SBT filings unless a federal number has been assigned. For all other organization types without an account number, leave line 5 blank. Be sure to use the same account number on all forms.

Line 7, Business Start Date. Enter the start date of first Michigan business activity.

Gross Receipts Checklist

Note: This checklist is not intended to be all encompassing. Receipts include, but are not limited to:

- · Receipts (sales price) from the sale of assets used in a business activity
- · Sale of products
- · Services performed
- · Gratuities stipulated on a bill
- · Sales tax collected on the sale of tangible personal property
- · Dividend and interest income
- · Gross commissions earned
- · Rents
- · Royalties
- · Professional services
- · Sales of scrap and other similar items
- · Client reimbursed expenses not obtained in an agency capacity
- · Gross proceeds from intercompany sales.

Receipts exclude:

- Proceeds from sales by a principal that are collected in an agency capacity solely on behalf of the principal and delivered to the principal
- Amounts received as an agent solely on behalf of the principal that are expended by the taxpayer under certain circumstances
- Amounts excluded from gross income of a foreign corporation engaged in the international operation of aircraft under section 883(a) of the Internal Revenue Code
- Amounts received by an advertising agency used to acquire advertising media time, space, production or talent on behalf of another person
- Amounts received by a person that manages real property owned by a client that are deposited into a separate account kept in the name of the client and that are not reimbursed and are not indirect payments for management services provided to that client
- Proceeds from the original issue of stock, equity instruments or debt instruments
- Refunds from returned merchandise
- · Cash and in-kind discounts
- · Trade discounts
- · Federal, State or local tax refunds
- · Security deposits
- · Payment of the principal portion of loans
- · Value of property received in like-kind exchange
- Proceeds from a sale, transaction, exchange, involuntary conversion, or
 other disposition of tangible, intangible or real property that is a capital
 asset as defined in section 1221(a) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code,
 or land that qualifies as property used in trade or business as defined in
 section 1231(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, less any gain from the
 disposition to the extent that gain is included in federal taxable income
- Proceeds from an insurance policy, settlement of a claim or judgment in a civil action, less any proceeds that are included in federal taxable income
- Proceeds from the taxpayer's transfer of an account receivable, if the
 sale that generated the account receivable was included in gross receipts
 for federal income tax purposes. This provision will not apply to a
 taxpayer who both buys and sells any receivables during the tax year.

Line 8, Principal Business Activity. Enter a brief description of business activity (e.g., forestry, fisheries, mining, construction, manufacturing, transportation, communication, electric, gas, sanitary services, wholesale trade, retail trade, finance or services).

Line 9, Organization Type. Check the box that describes the organization type. A Limited Liability Company should check the appropriate box based on the federal return.

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Line 10, Gross Receipts. Gross receipts means the entire amount received from any activity, whether in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce, carried out for direct or indirect gain, benefit or advantage to the taxpayer or to others, with certain exceptions. Use the Gross Receipts Checklist on page 11 as a guide to be sure receipts have been totaled correctly. Use the appropriate worksheet on page 16 to calculate gross receipts.

Line 11, Business Income. Use the appropriate worksheet on page 16 to calculate business income.

The SHORT METHOD to Compute SBT

The maximum SBT any filer pays is equal to the tax rate times one-half of the adjusted gross receipts. Adjusted gross receipts for this purpose means gross receipts, apportioned for companies doing business outside of Michigan, plus recapture of capital acquisition deduction. Figure this amount quickly by using Form C-8000S, SBT Reductions to Adjusted Tax Base, on page 57, lines 9-14, instead of figuring the tax base on Form C-8000. However, to claim the standard small business credit, the tax base must be computed.

If using the SHORT METHOD, complete Form C-8000S, SBT Reductions to Adjusted Tax Base, on page 57.

To use the SHORT METHOD, follow these steps:

- 1. Enter gross receipts on Form C-8000, line 10.
- 2. If claiming an unincorporated credit, enter the business income on Form C-8000, line 11.
- 3. Enter recapture, if applicable, from Form C-8000D, line 19, on Form C-8000, line 35.
- 4. Complete Form C-8000S, lines 9 through 14 only.
- 5. Enter the amount from Form C-8000S, line 14, on Form C-8000, line 42, and complete Form C-8000.

Compensation Payments

Line 12, Salaries, Wages and Other Payments. Enter total payments, including the cash value of all consideration other than cash, made on behalf of or for the benefit of employees, officers or directors. Report these payments on a cash-only basis (i.e., include only the actual payments made during the year). For most filers this is the amount reported on U.S. 940 for the taxable year.

Payments include, but are not limited to, salaries, wages, fees, bonuses, commissions and other payments to employees, officers and directors that are subject to or specifically exempt or excepted from federal income tax withholding. This includes payments for casual services, but does not include payments to independent contractors.

Employee is a person from whom an employer is required to withhold federal income taxes (IRC Section 340l(c)).

Lines 13 through 15. Report any payments made on behalf of or for the benefit of employees, officers or

directors on a cash or accrual basis consistent with the method of federal income tax reporting.

Line 13, Employee Insurance Plans. Enter payments to health or life insurance plans for employees, payments for health and welfare and non-insured benefit plans, and payment of fees for the administration of health and welfare and non-insured benefit plans.

Do not include here or on line 15, contributions for FICA (Social Security and Medicare), workers' compensation insurance or the State and Federal Unemployment Compensation Fund.

For tax years beginning in 2005, compensation excludes 20% of health care benefits provided to Michigan residents. Health care benefits are payments under health and welfare and noninsured benefit plans and payments for the administration of those plans. The percentage exclusion increases for subsequent years.

Tax Years beginning after:	% Exempted for MI residents:
12/31/2003	5%
12/31/2004	20%
12/31/2005	40%
12/31/2006	50%

Line 15, Other Payments. Enter any payments made for the benefit of employees that are not included on lines 13-14. For example, payments to supplemental unemployment benefit trusts, payments to individuals not currently working or payments to dependents and heirs for labor services rendered by an individual.

Additions

Additions are generally added to the extent deducted in arriving at business income, line 11.

Line 17, Depreciation. Enter all depreciation or amortization of tangible assets which are claimed as a deduction on the federal return. This includes the immediate (permitted under IRC Section 179) or accelerated write-off of tangible assets.

Taxpayers choosing the mileage method to determine car expenses must include in depreciation that portion of the mileage rate that is required by the IRC to reduce the adjusted basis of the vehicle.

Safe Harbor Leases. The lessor and lessee must report any rent attributable to a leaseback agreement under IRC Section 168(f)(8). The lessor subtracts rental receipts from such property, while the lessee adds rental payments.

Line 18, Taxes. Enter all taxes on, or measured by, net income including city and state taxes, foreign income tax and federal environmental tax claimed as a deduction on the federal return.

Line 19, Single Business Tax. Enter the single business tax claimed as a deduction on the federal return.

Line 20, Dividends, Interest and Royalty Expenses. Enter any dividend, interest and/or royalties claimed as a deduction on your federal return.

Do not include any of the following:

- Dividends not claimed as federal deductions
- Interest payments made by financial organizations
- Initial franchise fees and any royalties, fees and other payments or consideration paid or incurred by a franchisee to a franchisor to establish or maintain the franchise relationship
- · Oil and gas royalties deducted
- Cable franchise fees paid to units of government
- Film rental payments made by a theater owner to a distributor or to a producer
- Payments made by radio or TV broadcasters for syndication or royalty fees, or any other charges for program matter
- Computer software royalties deducted.

Line 21, Capital Loss Carryover or Carryback.

✓ Fiduciaries and Corporations. Enter any capital loss carryover or carryback from the federal schedule that was included in the business income reported on line 11. Cannot be a negative number.

Line 22, Net Operating Loss Carryover or Carryback.

✓ Fiduciaries and Corporations. Enter any net operating loss carryover or carryback that was included in arriving at business income reported on line 11. Cannot be a negative number.

Line 23, Gross Interest and Dividend Income.

Enter any income from bonds and similar obligations or securities of states other than Michigan and their political subdivisions. Include only the income derived from business activity. Subtract from this income-related expenses, if those expenses were not allowed as deductions on the federal return (IRC Sections 265 and 291).

Line 24, Special Classifications Deduction.

✓ Corporations - Enter any deduction or exclusion by a filer due to a classification as, or the payment of commissions or fees to, a domestic international sales corporation, Foreign Sales Corporation (FSC) or any similar special classification which reduces or postpones federal income tax liability. This does not apply to special provisions of IRC Sections 805, 809, 815(c)(2)(A), 823(c) and 824(a).

Financial Organization Expense Addback. Enter total expenses deducted in arriving at federal taxable income, less expenses which are added in determining the SBT tax base, times the following fraction:

Interest from U.S. obligations that + Interest on Michigan is prohibited from taxing + Michigan obligations

Total Interest Income

The result cannot exceed interest from U.S. obligations subtracted in arriving at the tax base.

Line 25, Losses from Partnerships. Enter any losses attributed to another taxable entity included in the business income reported on line 11. Enter the FEIN(s) of the partnerships, S Corporations or LLCs.

Subtractions

Subtractions are generally subtracted to the extent included in arriving at business income, line 11.

Line 28, Dividends, Interest and Royalty Income. Enter dividends, interest and royalty income included in the business income reported on line 11.

Do not include:

- Dividends allowed as a dividend-received deduction on a federal return
- Oil and gas royalty income
- Initial franchise fees and any royalties, fees and other payments or consideration paid or incurred by a franchisee to a franchisor to establish or maintain the franchise relationship
- Interest income received by a financial organization. **Exception:** Interest from U.S. obligations that Michigan is prohibited from taxing may be included
- Film rental payments made by a theater owner to a distributor or to a producer
- Payments made by radio or TV broadcasters for syndication or royalty fees, or any other charges for program matter
- Computer software royalty income.

Exception: System software which interacts with operating system software and is developed, licensed and intended for the exclusive use of data processing professionals to build, test, manage or maintain application computer software. System software may not be transferred as part of, or in conjunction with, a sale or lease of computer hardware. System software royalty income may be included as a subtraction on line 28.

Line 29, Excluded Capital Losses. Enter any capital losses not included in arriving at federal taxable income in the year the loss occurred.

Line 30, Income from Partnerships and Certain Grants. Enter income attributed to another taxable entity included in the business income reported on line 11. Enter the FEIN(s) of the partnerships, S Corporations or LLCs. Also include here, to the extent included in federal taxable income, income received from small business innovation research grants and small business technology transfer programs, and grants from the Michigan technology tri-corridor SBIR emerging business fund.

Tax Base

Line 32, Tax Base. Tax base is business income or loss on line 11, plus compensation on line 16 and additions on line 26, and minus subtractions on line 31.

If income is taxable in another state, complete Form C-8000H, *SBT Apportionment Formula*, (page 33), before continuing. Attach the completed schedule to the return.

Line 33, Apportioned Tax Base. If taxable in another state, multiply line 32 by the percentage from Form C-8000H, line 16 or 19, whichever applies.

Adjustments

A taxpayer must complete Form C-8000D, SBT Recapture of Capital Acquisition Deduction, on page 27, if depreciable real or personal property was:

- Purchased in a tax year beginning on or after January 1, 1976 and beginning before January 1, 2000 and disposed of during the current tax year; or
- Purchased in a tax year beginning after December 31, 1996 and before January 1, 2000, and moved outside of Michigan during the current tax year.

Attach the completed Form C-8000D to the return.

Line 36, Adjusted Tax Base Before Loss Deduction and Statutory Exemption. Any negative amount on this line is a business loss which may be carried forward successively to the next 10 taxable years, or until the loss is used, whichever occurs first. If line 36 is negative, no tax is due; enter 0 on line 43.

Line 37, Business Loss Deduction. Enter any unused business loss carryover from the SBT returns for the preceding 10 years (loss on line 38 in preceding years less the adjusted tax base in intervening years).

① **Note:** The Business Loss Deduction is not the federal net operating loss.

Line 38, Adjusted Tax Base Before Statutory Exemption. Subtract line 37 from line 36. If negative, enter zero and carry the unused loss to next year's SBT return.

Statutory Exemption

- ✓ Corporations If claiming a statutory exemption or a small business credit, complete Form C-8000KC, SBT Schedule of Shareholders and Officers, on page 41, before continuing. Attach the completed schedule to the return.
- ✓ **Partnerships** Before continuing, complete Form C-8000KP, *SBT Schedule of Partners*, on page 45, to determine which partners qualify for the increased statutory exemption. Attach the completed schedule to the return.

Line 39, Allowable Statutory Exemption. For most filers, the statutory exemption is available only if business income is less than \$67,500.

✓ **Corporations** - For most corporations, the statutory exemption is available only if the sum of business income, federal loss carryovers or carrybacks, and compensation/director fees of all shareholders is less than \$67,500.

A statutory exemption cannot be used to increase a business loss or to offset adjusted tax base as determined on Form C-8000, line 36, before loss carryovers are reported on Form C-8000, line 37. An unused statutory exemption cannot be carried forward.

Complete Form C-8043, *SBT Statutory Exemption Schedule*, on page 71, before continuing. Attach completed schedule to the return.

If a member of a **controlled group** claiming an allocated statutory exemption, complete Form C-8009, *SBT Allocation of Statutory Exemption, Standard Small Business Credit and Alternate Tax for Members of Controlled Groups*, on page 59. A controlled group is entitled to only one statutory exemption, which is allocated on Form C-8009.

✓ Individuals, Fiduciaries, Partnerships and Limited Liability Companies - If averaging business income to determine the statutory exemption, complete Form C-8000G, SBT Statutory Exemption/Business Income Averaging, on page 31. Attach the completed schedule to the return.

Reductions, Nonrefundable Credits, and Tax

Line 41, Reduction to Adjusted Tax Base. Taxpayers may qualify for either the compensation or the gross receipts reduction on Form C-8000S, *SBT Reductions to Adjusted Tax Base*, on page 57, but may use only one. Enter the amount of the reduction from Form C-8000S, line 16.

(1) Reminder: If a reduction is chosen, check the appropriate box which indicates the method of reduction used. The Investment Tax Credit (ITC) is not available and ITC recapture is not required if a gross receipts reduction to the adjusted tax base is taken to arrive at the tax liability. If an adjusted tax base is reduced by the percentage that compensation exceeds 63 percent, the ITC must also be reduced. Choose a reduction method or the ITC based on which option is most advantageous.

Line 42, Taxable Base. Filers using the SHORT METHOD, enter the amount from Form C-8000S, line 14. In no case should the amount on this line be more than 50 percent of the sum of apportioned gross receipts plus recapture of capital acquisition deduction. If this method is used, the ITC is not available and ITC recapture is not required.

(i) Important: If eligible for the ITC, complete Form C-8000ITC, SBT Investment Tax Credit, on page 37, before continuing. Attach the completed schedule to the return.

Line 44, Tax After Investment Tax Credit. If claiming an ITC, enter the amount from Form C-8000ITC, line 37. If not claiming an ITC, carry the amount from line 43 to line 44.

The small business credit and the alternate tax are computed on Form C-8000C, SBT Credit for Small Businesses and Contribution Credits, on page 21. Review Form C-8000C to make sure all tax credits are taken for which the taxpayer is eligible. Attach the completed schedule to the return.

If the taxpayer is a member of a controlled group, the small business credit and alternate tax are computed on Form C-8009, SBT Allocation of Statutory Exemption, Standard Small Business Credit and Alternate Tax for Members of Controlled Groups, on page 59. Attach the completed schedule to the return.

Line 45. If claiming a small business credit or any contribution credits, enter the amount from Form C-8000C or Form C-8009. If not claiming these credits, carry the amount from line 44 to line 45.

Line 46, Unincorporated and S Corporation Credit. Unincorporated or S Corporation taxpayers are allowed a credit against SBT. Multiply line 45 by the percent from the table below and enter the result on line 46.

Unincorporated/S Corporation Tax Credit Table If business income* is: The credit is:

\$20,000 or less	20%	of t	he	SBT	liability
\$20,001-\$39,999	15%	of t	the	liabil	ity
\$40,000 or more	10%	of t	the	liabil	ity
*See page 6 for tax years less th	nan 12	mor	nths	S.	

Line 47, Other Nonrefundable Credits. If claiming other nonrefundable credits, see Form C-8000MC, *SBT Miscellaneous Credits*, on page 47. Note that these credits have strict eligibility requirements.

Line 49, Tax After Nonrefundable Credits.

(i) Important: If apportioned or allocated gross receipts are less than \$350,000, enter a zero on this line.

Special rules apply to members of a controlled group. See page 4, "Filing an SBT Annual Return." If a business operated less than 12 months, annualize gross receipts to determine if a tax liability exists.

Payments, Refundable Credit and Tax Due

Line 51, Estimated Tax Payments. Enter the total tax paid with Form C-8002, SBT Quarterly Tax Returns, or the estimated single business tax paid with Form 160, Combined Return for Michigan Taxes. Include all payments made on returns that apply to the current tax year. For example, calendar-year filers include money paid with the combined returns for return periods January through December.

Line 53, Refundable Credits. If claiming a Michigan Economic Growth Authority Employment Tax Credit, a

Workers' Disability Supplemental Benefit Credit, an Apprenticeship Credit or a Next Energy Credit, see Form C-8000MC, *SBT Miscellaneous Credits*, on page 47.

Line 56, Underpaid Estimate Penalty and Interest. If penalty and interest are owed for not filing estimated returns or for underestimating tax, complete Form C-8020, SBT Penalty and Interest Computation for Underpaid Estimated Tax, on page 67, to compute penalty and interest due. If a taxpayer chooses not to file this form, Treasury will compute penalty and interest and bill for payment.

Line 57, Annual Return Penalty and Interest. See "Computing Penalty and Interest" on page 8.

Line 58. Enter the amount of payment due here and on line 62. If less than zero, leave blank.

Line 59. If the amount of overpayment, less any penalty and interest due on lines 56 and 57 is less than zero, enter the difference (as a positive number) on lines 58 and 62. If the amount is greater than zero, enter on line 59.

(i) Reminder: Taxpayers must sign and date returns. If someone else has prepared the return, they must also sign and date the return. See "Signing the Return" on page 8. Print the names in the areas provided for the taxpayer and the tax preparer.

FEDERAL FORMS: Attach copies of these federal forms to the return.

- ✓ **Corporations** *U.S.* 1120 (pages 1-4) or *U.S.* 1120-A (pages 1-2), *Schedule* D, Form 851, Form 4562 and Form 4797. If filing as part of a consolidated federal return, attach a proforma or consolidated schedule.
- ✓ S Corporations U.S. 1120-S (pages 1-4)*, Schedule D, Form 851, Form 4562, Form 4797, Form 8825.
- ✓ Individuals U.S. 1040 (pages 1-2), Schedules C, C-EZ, D, E and Form 4797.
- ✓ **Fiduciaries** *U.S. 1041* (pages 1-4), *Schedule D* and Form *4797*.
- ✓ **Partnerships** *U.S. 1065*, (pages 1-4)*, *Schedule D*, Form 4797 and Form 8825.
- ✓ Limited Liability Companies attach appropriate schedules shown above based on federal return filed.
- * Do not send copies of K-1s. Treasury will request them if necessary.

** See the Gross Receipts Checklist on Page 11 for detailed information for these items.

Note: This worksheet may not be all inclusive to all taxpayers. There may be additional amounts that are included in gross receipts for Single Business Tax purposes that may not be picked up for federal purposes.

WORKSHEET1 GROSS RECEIPTS/BUSINESS INCOME INDIVIDUALS AND FIDUCIARIES

PART1: GROSS RECEIPTS

1 /1	KI I. GROSSKECEH IS	
1.	U.S. 1040, Schedule C or C-EZ,	
	gross receipts (net of returns)	 .00
2.	U.S. 1040, Schedule C,	
	other income	 .00
3.	U.S. 1040, Schedule D,**	
	short and long term sales price	 .00
4.	U.S. 1040, Schedule E,	
	a. Part I, total rents received	 .00
	b. Total royalties received	 .00
5.	U.S. 4797, gross sales price, **	
	business assets	 .00
6.	Other receipts	 .00
7.	Total gross receipts	
	Add lines 1 through 6.	 .00
PA	RT2: BUSINESS INCOME	
8.	U.S. 1040, Schedule C or C-EZ,	
	net profit or (loss)	 .00
9.	U.S. 1040, Schedule D,	
	gain or (loss) *	 .00
10.	U.S. 1040, Schedule E,	
	line 22 rent and royalty	
	income or (loss)	 .00
11.	<i>U.S.</i> 4797 gains or (loss)	
	not included in Schedule D	 .00
12.	Other income	.00
13.	Total business income	
	Add lines 8 through 12.	 .00
	_	

*U.S. 1040D and 4797: Report only gains or losses from assets used in a business activity. Do not include personal gains and losses.

WORKSHEET2 GROSS RECEIPTS/BUSINESS INCOME CORPORATIONS

PART1: GROSS RECEIPTS

1.	<i>U.S. 1120</i> or <i>1120A</i> , line 1c	.00
2.	U.S. 1120 or 1120A, lines 4-7	.00
3.	U.S. 1120 or 1120A, line 10	.00
4.	<i>U.S. 1120</i> or <i>1120A</i> , Schedule D **	
	short and long term sales price	.00
5.	U.S. 4797, gross sales price **	.00
6.	Add lines 1through 5	.00

PART2: BUSINESS INCOME

Enter federal taxable income from U.S. 1120 or 1120A.

WORKSHEET 3 GROSS RECEIPTS/BUSINESS INCOME PARTNERSHIPS OR S CORPORATIONS

PART1: GROSS RECEIPTS	
1. U.S. 1065 or U.S. 1120S	
a. Gross receipts (net of returns)	.00
b. Other income/receipts	
2. U.S. 8825, gross income from	
real estate rentals	.00
3. U.S. 1065 or 1120S, Schedule D **	
short and long term sales price	.00
4. U.S. 1065 or 1120S, Schedule K	
a. Gross other rental income	.00
b. Interest, dividend, royalty income	.00
c. Other income	.00
5. <i>U.S</i> 4797, gross sales price **	
business assets	.00
6. Other receipts	.00
7. Total gross receipts	
Add lines 1 through 6.	.00
PART2: BUSINESS INCOME	
8. U.S. 1065 or 1120S, Schedule K, Income (Loss)
a. Ordinary income (loss)	
b. Net real estate rental	
income (loss)	.00
c. Net other rental	
income (loss)	.00
d. Interest, dividend & royalty income	.00
e. Net short-term gain (loss)	
f. Net long-term gain (loss)	
g. Other portfolio income (loss)	
h. Guaranteed payments to partners	. 00
i. Other net gain (loss)	
under section 1231	.00
j. Other income	
9. Total income or (loss)	
Add lines 8a through 8j.	.00
10.U.S. 1065 or 1120S, Schedule K, Deductions	
a. Charitable contributions	.00
b. Section 179 expense	.00
c. Deductions related to	
portfolio income	.00
d. Other deductions	.00
11. Total deductions	
Add lines 10 through 10d.	.00
12. Total business income	
Subtract line 11 from line 9.	.00

Note: Limited liability companies should choose the appropriate worksheet based on their federal return.